Here are 10 key insights from the recently concluded Lok Sabha election results:

**BJP Dominance**: The Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) emerged as the clear winner, securing 240 out of 543 seats. This reinforces BJP's dominant position in Indian politics.

**INC Performance**: The Indian National Congress (INC) managed to win 99 seats, making it the second-largest party in the Lok Sabha. This result shows a significant gap between BJP and INC.

**Regional Party Strength**: Regional parties like the Samajwadi Party (SP) with 37 seats and All India Trinamool Congress (AITC) with 29 seats demonstrated strongholds in their respective regions.

**Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK)**: DMK won 22 seats, indicating its continuing influence in Tamil Nadu.

**Telugu Desam Party (TDP)**: TDP secured 16 seats, maintaining its presence in Andhra Pradesh despite challenges.

**Shiv Sena Split Impact**: The split in Shiv Sena resulted in Shiv Sena (Uddhav Balasaheb Thackrey) winning 9 seats and the other faction securing 7 seats, indicating a division in voter base.

**NCP and Allies**: The Nationalist Congress Party (Sharadchandra Pawar) won 8 seats, while its ally, the Indian Union Muslim League (IUML), secured 3 seats, showcasing their continued relevance in Maharashtra and Kerala respectively.

**Aam Aadmi Party (AAP)**: AAP won 3 seats, reflecting its influence beyond Delhi, particularly in Punjab and other regions.

**New Entrants and Smaller Parties**: Various smaller parties and independents won a few seats each, indicating a diverse and fragmented political landscape.

**Regional Variations**: States like Uttar Pradesh and Gujarat continued to be BJP strongholds, while states like Tamil Nadu and West Bengal remained battlegrounds for regional parties.

These insights reflect the electoral trends and the political landscape of India post-election​